ADAPTING FOR ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE COVID-19 RESPONSE

December 2020

Although restrictions imposed by Governments across Australia are being relaxed, wound back or lifted, we understand that operational changes may still be required in what continues to be uncertain times and this will have implications for the continuity of environmental compliance particularly as businesses continue in their COVID-19 response.

In previous months, we have seen planning legislation changes introduced to relax the requirement to obtain a planning approval in certain circumstances or to comply with an existing development consent during the COVID-19 pandemic. Similarly, we have seen environmental legislation changes introduced to allow for the approval of temporary authorities where a response to the COVID-19 emergency will impact the intensity or scale of environmentally relevant activities.

There are also existing legislative tools under environmental legislation which could provide some opportunity for relief from or changes to environment protection licences and approvals, allow for certain exemptions or provide for the grant of emergency authorisations during the COVID-19 pandemic. Environment regulators also have discretion as to whether to enforce compliance and take enforcement action at this time.

This tool helps you understand what environmental compliance and/or planning measures are available and how they can be utilised to respond to, or prepare for, implications associated with COVID-19, so that you can take necessary steps to remain in legal compliance.

If you would like any further information and advice on which tool would be relevant to your organisations operations, please contact our **Environment and Planning Team.**

Also see our **CU SAFE** app in the event of a serious safety or environmental incident.

And you can keep up with the latest thinking and guidance on our Natural Disasters and Business Continuity hub.

See Legislative Tools for The Commonwealth, Queensland, New South Wales, Western Australia and South Australia

ADAPTING FOR ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE



COVID-19 RESPONSE

COMMONWEALTH

Steps for applying for an EPBC Act exemption

Key Terms

SOUTH AUSTRALIA

Applying for an EP
Act emergency
authorisation

Vary a development authorisation

Key Terms

QUEENSLAND

Environmental compliance tools for COVID-19

Steps for applying for a TEL During COVID-19

Steps for applying for a TEP During COVID-19

Steps for applying for a TUL During COVID-19

Steps for applying for a temporary authority and process for exemption declarations

Key Terms

NEW SOUTH WALES

Environmental compliance tools for COVID-19

Response from the Regulators

Applying for an EPL variation or exemption

Complying with your development consent

Practical Tips and Key Terms

WESTERN AUSTRALIA

Applying for an EPA variation or exemption

Appling for a Planning Act exemption

Assessment of significant proposals

Key Terms

COMMONWEALTH:

STEPS FOR APPLYING FOR AN EPBC EXEMPTION



When can I apply for an exemption under the EPBC Act?

Do you propose to take an EPBC Act controlled action without approval because of COVID-19? Is it in the national interest, in the fight against COVID-19, for an exemption to be granted for the proposal? Apply to the Minister for an exemption Clearly detail the **Explain** why the **Ensure all supporting** proposal and its exemption is in the information and evidence environmental impacts national interest is included The Minister will make a decision within 20 business days of the application, the exemption cannot apply retrospectively

COMMONWEALTH:

KEY TERMS

EPBC Act

Environmental Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (Cth)



ADAPTING FOR ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE COVID-19 RESPONSE



QUEENSLAND

Environmental compliance tools for COVID-19

Steps for applying for a TEL During COVID-19

Steps for applying for a TEP During COVID-19

Steps for applying for a TUL During COVID-19

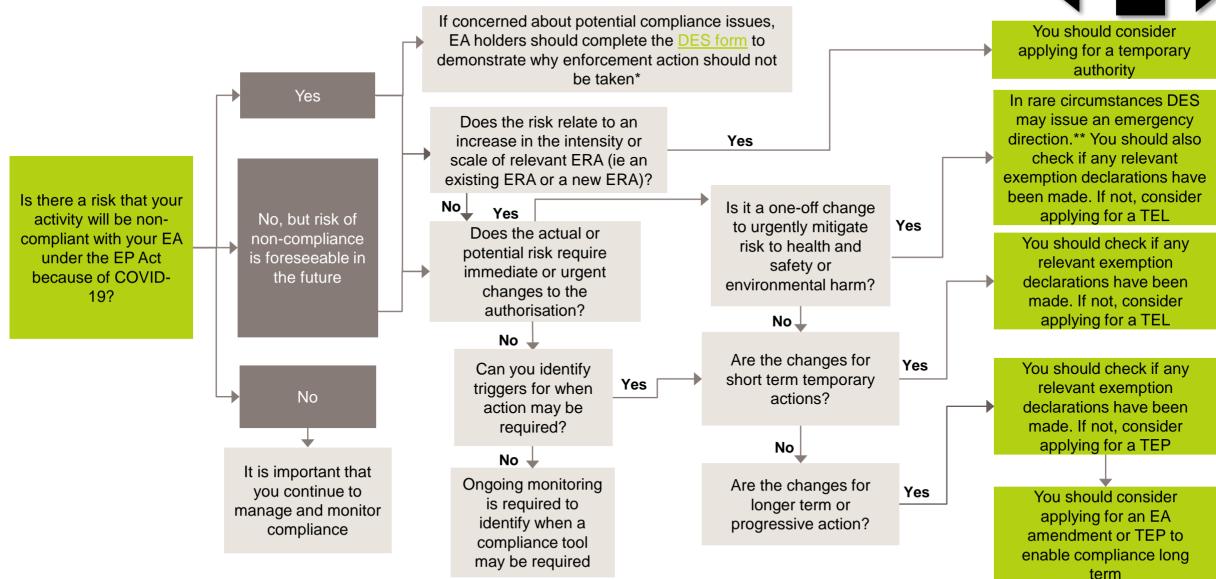
Steps for applying for a temporary authority and process for exemption declarations

Key Terms

QUEENSLAND:

ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE TOOLS FOR COVID-19





^{*}An EA holder will need to demonstrate to the satisfaction of DES that it will be unable to comply with an EA condition because of a direction of the Chief Health Officer and it will otherwise take and has taken all reasonable and practicable measures to prevent environmental impacts.

^{**}Generally DES will only give an emergency direction where a threat of serious or material environmental harm or a threat to human health is actually occurring as a result of an emergency incident. An emergency direction is not likely to be issued to deal with an anticipated emergency event.

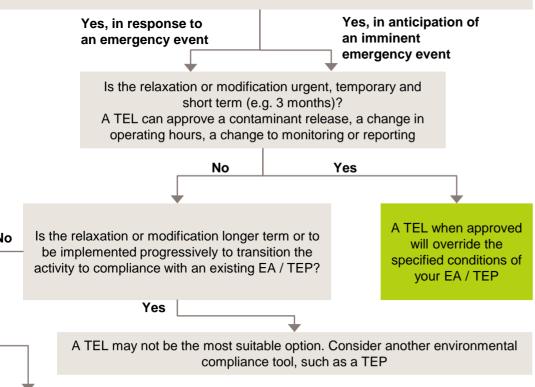
QUEENSLAND:

STEPS FOR APPLYING FOR A TEL DURING COVID-19



When can I use a TEL?

Do you require a relaxation or modification of EA / TEP conditions because of an emergency event, that was not foreseen?



If the non-compliance cannot be transitioned, you require a permanent modification or

relaxation, or there is a change to the activity, you should consider an EA / TEP

amendment

What are the steps to apply for a TEL?

Discuss your intention to apply for a TEL with DES

Prepare your TEL application. Ensure it addresses the criteria in the EP Act (see s.357D) and considers the

State details of the emergency event (e.g. natural disaster or sabotage)

Undertake a desktop assessment of environmental and economic risks of granting / not granting the TEL Describe any monitoring required to minimise risk of environmental harm

State why emergency event not foreseen or likelihood of emergency event occurring and what circumstances will trigger the TEL

State the extent and impact of the event

What conditions of the EA / TEP will need to change under the TEL A TEL cannot retrospectively approve environmental harm or a contaminant release

Consider whether in the public interest to issue the TEL

DES has 24 hours to approve or refuse the TEL or approve with conditions

The TEL may be subject to conditions or may state the trigger event for the TEL to commence

The TEL will override the specified EA or TEP conditions for the period of the TEL

QUEENSLAND:

STEPS FOR APPLYING FOR A TEP DURING COVID-19



When can Luse a TFP? A program of actions is required to enable you to comply with a condition of your EA or to reduce the risk of environmental harm Yes, in anticipation of Yes, in response to an incident or event an incident or event Will compliance be possible if a planned program of actions is followed over a specified time period? A TEP may not be the most Can the relaxation or modification be Nο suitable option. If short term implemented progressively to transition urgent action is needed. the activity to compliance? consider a TFI Yes If the non-compliance cannot be transitioned, you require a permanent If a TEP is approved, it will specify the modification or relaxation, or there is a actions you must follow to comply with change to the activity, you should the EP Act consider an EA / DA amendment

What are the steps to apply for a TEP? You may submit a TEP voluntarily, or give DES a program notice under the EP Act. which must be followed by an approved A program notice submitted to DES is privileged. The notice and anv TFP* documents submitted with the notice are not admissible as evidence in a prosecution for an offence, where a A TEP is useful if you know what actions are TEP is also approved required to achieve compliance Your TEP should address the criteria in the EP Act (see s.331) and consider the Guideline Identify the conditions or environmental Describe the Specify the program standard that the activity does not comply with of actions to achieve objectives of or any environmental harm or release being the TFP the objectives caused or threatened by the activity Outline how environmental harm that may State performance Specify the be caused by the activity will be prevented indicators and a plan for period for or minimised, including interim measures to monitoring and reporting on the TEP compliance with the TEP be implemented The draft TEP will be assessed by DES and may be approved, approved on conditions or refused. A TEP will not likely be approved where you are not compliant because of a choice or

decision that was made about managing environmental risk

QUEENSLAND: STEPS FOR APPLYING FOR A TUL DURING COVID-19



When can I use a TUL?

Do you require either a relaxation or modification of your approval under the Planning Act or Economic Development Act because of COVID-19?

Yes, for a DA for a material change of use

Yes, to change the existing lawful use of a premises such as where scale or intensity increases for existing ERA or triggers a new ERA because of COVID-19

Yes, for a designated premises

Is the relaxation or modification urgently required, or short term (e.g. not required beyond the declared applicable event period) and related to the COVID-19 pandemic? Yes

A TUL may not be the most suitable option. If longer term changes are needed, consider amending your planning approval

A TUL when approved will temporarily replace the relevant conditions in your planning approval or authorise a new use

A TUL can be used to change a condition of a MCU DA e.g. hours of operation

A TUL can provide that a use of the premises is not required to comply with a requirement about the use stated in the designation for the premises

A TUL can be used to increase the scale or intensity of the use, add a new use, or replace the existing use with a new use What are the steps to apply for a TUL?

You must apply to the chief executive administering the Planning Act or MEDQ for a TUL

A TUL application may relate to multiple premises

Prepare your TUL application. Ensure it addresses the criteria set out in the regulation (see s.68A). A TUL application must:

Be in the approved

State the applicant's name and contact details

Describe the premises to which the application relates

Clearly detail the grounds for the relevant change the subject of the application

The chief executive / MEDQ will consider your TUL application, and make a decision to either approve the TUL without conditions, approve the TUL with conditions, or refuse to approve the TUL. At this stage, you cannot apply for a review of the decision

A TUL has effect from the date the approval notice is given until the end of the applicable event period for the applicable event notice

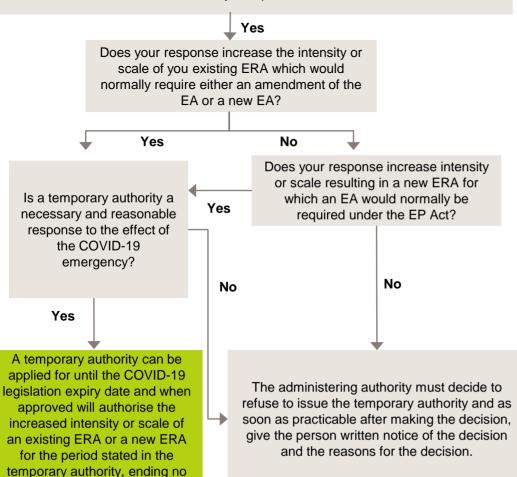
Where a TUL changes a condition of a DA, the DA is taken (for the period the licence is in effect), to be changed in the way stated in the TUL, and to be subject to the conditions of the TUL

QUEENSLAND: STEPS FOR APPLYING FOR A TEMPORARY AUTHORITY AND PROCESS FOR EXEMPTION DECLARATIONS



When can I request a Temporary Authority?

Has or will your response to the effect of the COVID-19 emergency impact the intensity or scale of your operations?



later than 30 June 2021

Declarations about Exemptions

The Minister may make a declaration giving an exemption from complying with specified conditions. This can be made for a TEP, an EA, a temporary authority or a TEL or for the holders of a relevant approval. The declaration may: The Minister may make the declaration only if the Minister is satisfied that: The making of the declaration is a necessary As a result of the COVID-19 emergency. and reasonable response to the effect of the the holder of a relevant approval is unable COVID-19 emergency to comply with a condition of the approval The declaration must state: The exemption period for which the exemption has effect, The area to which the including the day the period starts; and the day, not later than 30

June 2021, the period ends for any relevant approval

declaration relates

QUEENSLAND: KEY TERMS

COVID-19	Coronavirus disease 2019
DES	Queensland Department of Environment and Science
DA	Development Approval
EA	Environmental Authority
Economic Development Act	Economic Development Act 2012 (Qld)
EP Act	Environmental Protection Act 1994 (Qld)
ERA	Environmentally Relevant Activity
MEDQ	the Minister for Economic Development Queensland
Planning Act	Planning Act 2016 (Qld)
TUL	Temporary Use Licence
TEL	Temporary Emissions Licence
TEP	Transitional Environmental Program



ADAPTING FOR ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE COVID-19 RESPONSE



NEW SOUTH WALES

Environmental compliance tools for COVID-19

Response from the Regulators

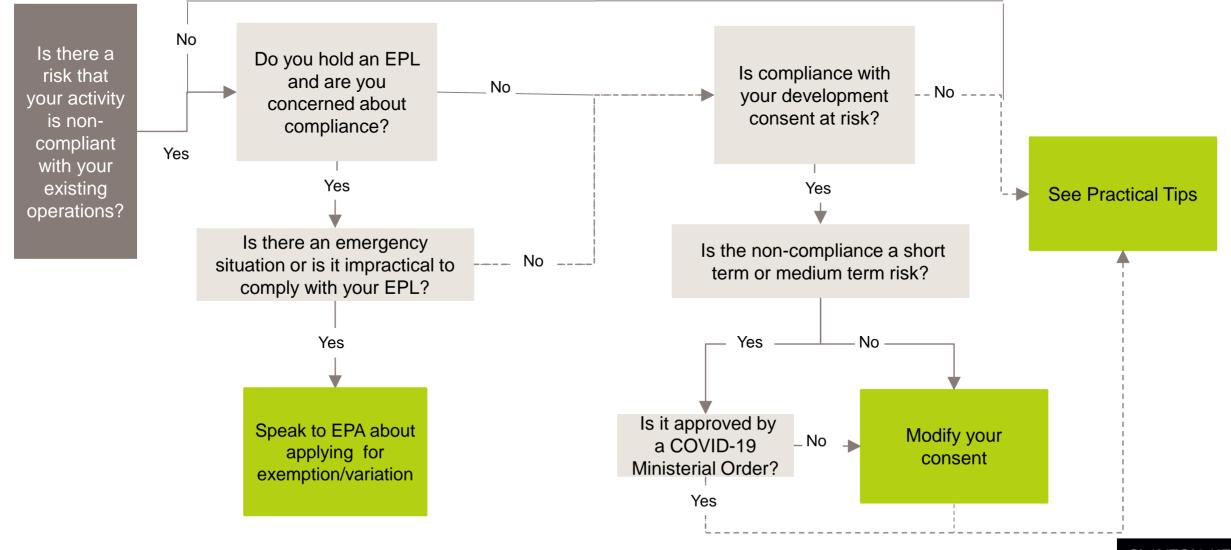
Applying for an EPL variation or exemption

Complying with your development consent

Practical Tips and Key Terms

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ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE TOOLS FOR COVID-19



RESPONSE FROM THE REGULATORS



NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment

The NSW DPIE has introduced:

- New Ministerial Orders
 - Allows development to be carried out without planning approval in <u>certain circumstances</u>
 - Measures in place until crisis is over, and reviewed as new issues arise
- 2. Planning System Acceleration Program
 - Stated focus to "cut red-tape"
 - Criteria established for projects to be included in program – see <u>NSW Planning website</u>

NSW Environment Protection Authority

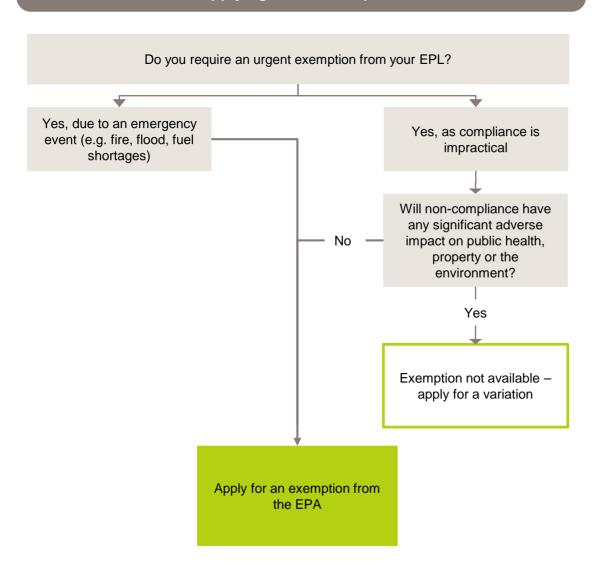
The EPA has clarified its approach to compliance:

- 1. Require compliance
 - EPA will continue enforcing licence conditions and issuing clean-up notices and prevention notices where necessary
- Consider requests for exemptions
 - EPA will consider requests for exemptions on a case-by-case basis
- 3. Exercise discretion in enforcement action
 - EPA will act in accordance its regulatory discretion to consider individual circumstances on a case-by-case basis and take into consideration relevant circumstances such as coronavirus prevention measures.

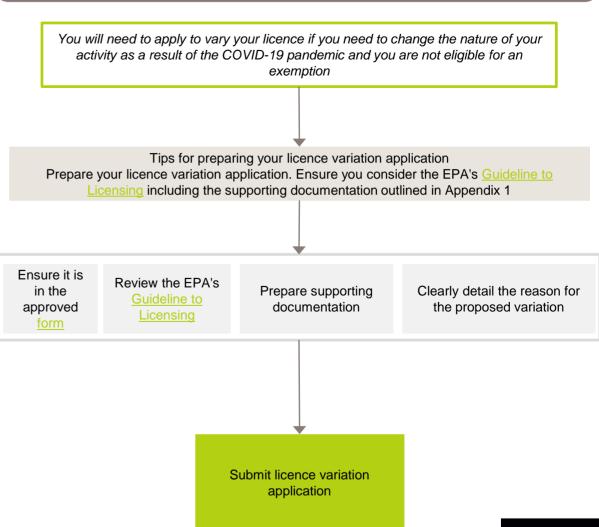
STEPS FOR APPLYING FOR AN EPL VARIATION OR EXEMPTION DURING COVID-19



Applying for an exemption



Applying for an EPL Variation



COMPLYING WITH YOUR PLANNING APPROVAL



Ministerial Orders

- The Minister for Planning and Public Spaces has been given new powers to make Ministerial Orders to authorise development during COVID-19 without the need for planning approval.
- The Minister can make an order if the Minister has consulted with the Minister for Health and Medical Research and it is necessary to protect the health, safety and welfare of members of the public.

Examples of Ministerial Orders

- Extended hours of trading permitted for retail premises (supermarkets, pharmacies and corner stores)
- Construction, buildings works and state significant infrastructure can be carried out on Saturday, Sunday and Public Holidays

Are you at risk of breaching your development consent during COVID-19?

If yes, consider whether your activity is the subject of a Ministerial Order

If a Ministerial Order does not apply, you will need to seek a modification of your approval

☐ Check Clayton Utz Natural Disasters and Continuity hub

COVID-19 PRACTICAL CONSIDERATIONS – A CHECKLIST



In order to ensure environmental management obligations are met in light of the COVID-19 pandemic, businesses should:

1.	Continue to comply with ongoing EPA obligations including:	
	Licence conditions which remain reasonably practicable to comply with Identify any conditions such as pollution reduction programs which will not meet specified timelines for compliance and seek extensions at earliest opportunity Refresher training on the duty to report pollution under the Protection of Environment Operations Act or contamination under the Contaminated Land Management Act Contact the EPA if there is a significant risk to their capacity to comply with licence conditions	
2.	Review and update Business Continuity Plans to account for:	
	Measures necessary to reduce environmental and public health risk (e.g. social distancing protocols, providing protection equipment and training, etc.) Business disruptions to staffing, supply and demand Ensuring correct management of pollution control equipment and proper waste management Means to keep staff informed on business developments and employee impact and keep people connected e.g. virtual tool box talks Any other business specific measures necessary to deal with COVID-19 related impacts	
3. Review and update Pollution Incident Response Plans (PIRMP), noting that:		
	There is no change to existing PIRMP training and testing requirements triggered by the COVID-19 pandemic at this stage Additional staff training may be required in light of COVID-19 and should receive appropriate training Testing exercises may be able to be implemented in a manner adhering to social distancing principles (e.g. remotely via various online and virtual platforms)	
4.	Assess environmental management in light of corporate considerations:	
	Environment compliance requirements including EPL conditions may require variation to reflect commercial measures dealing with fluctuations to company production, demand, supply, staffing and cash flow (consider corporate need to "scale up" or "scale down")	
5.	Be wary of further regulatory reform	
	Monitor NSW Government announcements for further change necessary throughout the COVID-19 pandemic	

KEY TERMS

Contaminated Land Management Act	Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 (NSW)
EPA	New South Wales Environment Protection Authority
EPL	Environment Protection Licence
Protection of Environment Operations Act	Protection of Environment Operations Act 1997 (NSW)

ADAPTING FOR ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE COVID-19 RESPONSE



WESTERN AUSTRALIA

Applying for an EPA variation or exemption

Applying for a planning requirement

Assessment of significant proposals

Key Terms

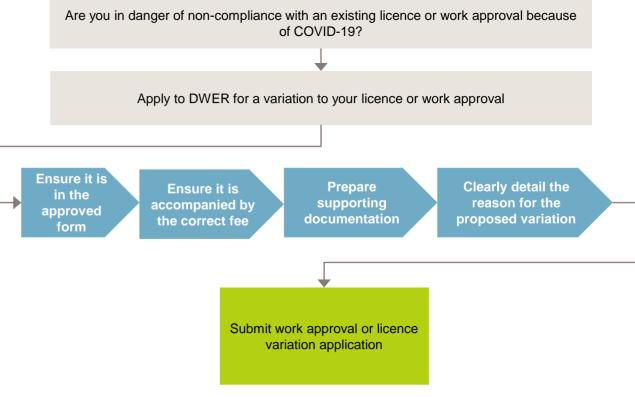
STEPS FOR APPLYING FOR AN EPA VARIATION OR EXEMPTION DURING COVID-19



Do you hold a licence or work approval under the EPA and are concerned about compliance?

Do you require an urgent exemption from or variation to your licence or work approval? Yes, for reasons other than Yes, due to a temporary emergency (e.g. fire, flood etc) a temporary emergency Exemption Apply to DWER for an exemption to not available part V of the EPA - apply for a variation Exemptions cannot exceed 14 days and may be subject to such conditions **DWER** specifies

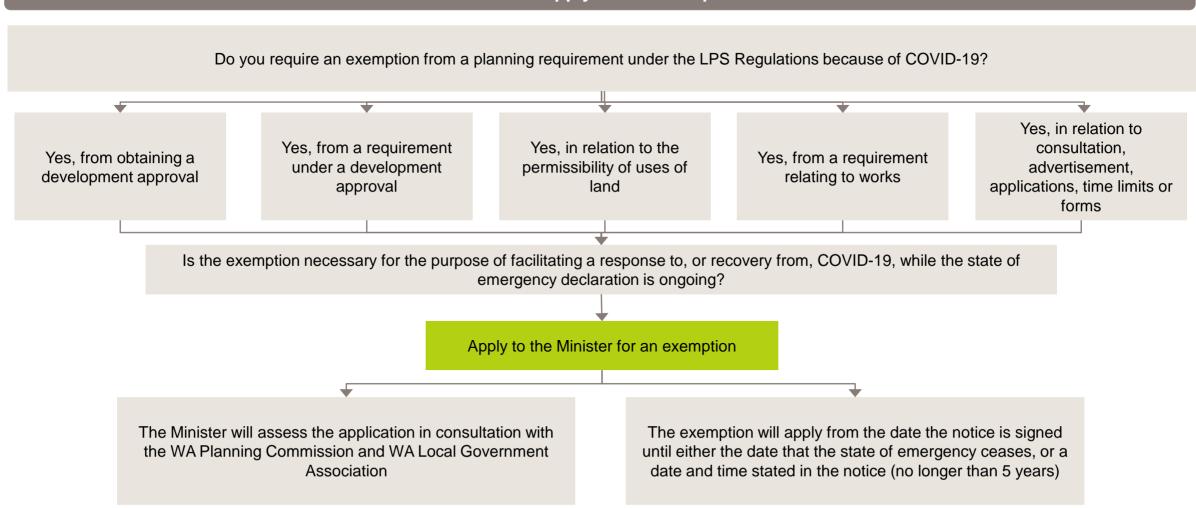
Applying for a variation to an existing licence or work approval



APPLYING FOR A PLANNING REQUIREMENT EXEMPTION

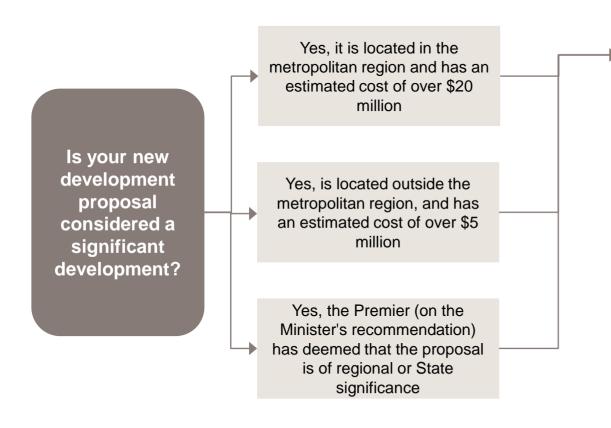


When can I apply for an exemption?



NEW PLANNING APPROVALS PROCESS FOR SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS





If you so elect, the WAPC will determine your application in lieu of the normal decision-maker

- The WAPC <u>may</u> to take into account any matter affecting the public interest;
- The WAPC must take into account:
 - any relevant local planning scheme;
 - the need for of orderly and proper planning;
 - the need to facilitate development in response to COVID-19;
 - any relevant State planning policies and any other relevant WAPC policies;
 - submissions from relevant bodies or persons with whom the WAPC consults.

KEY TERMS

EPA	Environmental Protection Act 1996 (WA)
DWER	Department of Water and Environmental Regulation
LPS Regulations	Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015 (WA)
WAPC	Western Australian Planning Commission



ADAPTING FOR ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE **COVID-19 RESPONSE**



SOUTH AUSTRALIA

Applying for an EP Act emergency authorisation

Vary a development authorisation

Key Terms



SOUTH AUSTRALIA:

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act or emission

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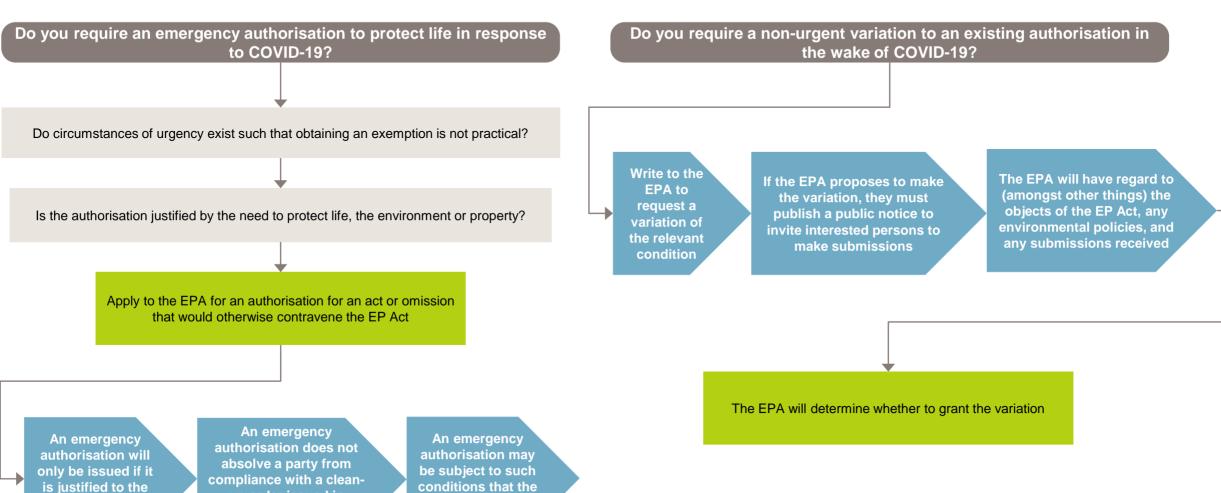
EPA

APPLY FOR AN EP ACT EMERGENCY AUTHORISATION

EPA considers

appropriate

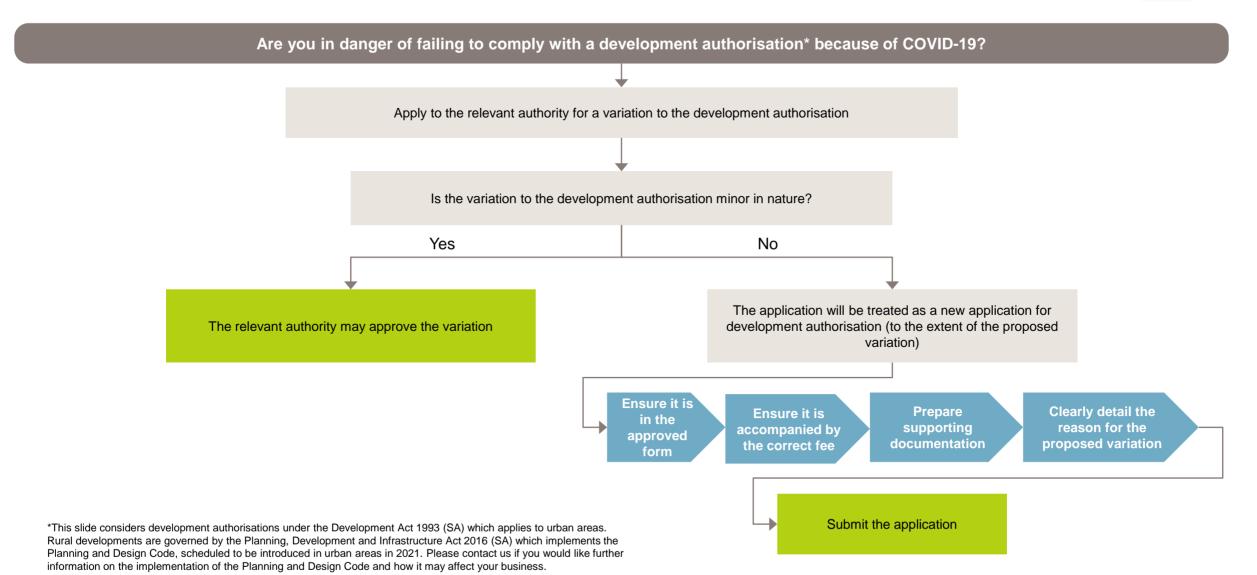




SOUTH AUSTRALIA:

VARY A DEVELOPMENT AUTHORISATION





SOUTH AUSTRALIA:

KEY TERMS

EP Act	Environmental Protection Act 1993 (SA)
EPA	South Australian Environmental Protection Authority

